

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## Sodium Bicarbonate

Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

## 1.1. Product identifier

Product name Sodium Bicarbonate

REACH registration number 01-2119457606-32-0062

**CAS number** 144-55-8

**EC number** 205-633-8

Synonyms; trade names Sodium hydrogen carbonate, Baking Powder, Bicarbonate soda

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Feed material, Food additive material, Medical products, Medical devices, Cosmetics, Flue

gas treatment, Mining and metal industry, Paper industry.

**Uses advised against**No specific uses advised against are identified.

## 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Kazan Soda A.Ş.

Mülk Küme Evleri, İncirlik Köyü Sincan / ANKARA, TURKEY Tel: 0 312 969 98 01

rei: 0 312 969 98 01 www.kazansoda.com.tr

## 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone Kazan Soda A.Ş.: +0 312 969 98 01

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

## 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical hazards Not Classified

Health hazards Not Classified

Environmental hazards Not Classified

2.2. Label elements

**EC number** 205-633-8

Hazard statements NC Not Classified

## 2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1. Substances

Product name Sodium Bicarbonate

**REACH registration number** 01-2119457606-32-0062

CAS number 144-55-8
EC number 205-633-8
Chemical formula NaHCO3
Composition comments %99.1

3.2. Mixtures

**Description** Not applicable.

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information Get medical attention immediately. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.

**Inhalation** Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and

keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Place unconscious person on

their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.

Ingestion Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Remove any dentures. Stop if the affected person feels

sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take

place. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt.

**Skin contact** Brush off loose particles from skin. Rinse with water.

Eye contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide

apart. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes.

**Protection of first aiders** First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue.

## 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

**General information** See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. The severity of the symptoms

described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.

**Inhalation** Dust may irritate the respiratory system.

**Ingestion** If exposed to large concentrations: May cause stomach pain or vomiting.

**Skin contact** Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin.

**Eye contact** Dust may cause slight irritation.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Specific treatments** No special treatment required.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

## 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media The product is not flammable. Extinguish with the following media: Water spray, foam, dry

powder or carbon dioxide.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards

None known.

Hazardous combustion

products

Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances:

Harmful gases or vapours.

## 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during

firefighting

Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.

Special protective equipment for firefighters

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing conforming to European standard EN469 (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions

No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Ensure procedures and training for emergency decontamination and disposal are in place. Do not touch or walk into spilled material.

## 6.2. Environmental precautions

**Environmental precautions** 

Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Large Spillages: Inform the relevant authorities if environmental pollution occurs (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

## 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up

Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. Approach the spillage from upwind. Avoid generation and spreading of dust. Small Spillages: Remove spillage with vacuum cleaner or collect with a shovel and broom, or similar. Large Spillages: Collect spillage with a shovel and broom, or similar and reuse, if possible. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Containers with collected spillage must be properly labelled with correct contents and hazard symbol. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Caution. May generate heat. Following dilution and neutralisation, discharge to the sewer with plenty of water may be permitted. The requirements of the local water authority must be complied with if contaminated water is flushed directly to the sewer. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections

For personal protection, see Section 8.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in

Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid handling which leads to dust formation. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle

broken packages without protective equipment.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Change work clothing daily before leaving workplace.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

**Storage precautions** Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from the following materials: Acids.

Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage. Bund storage facilities to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage. The storage area floor should be leak-

tight, jointless and not absorbent.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

## 8.1. Control parameters

**Ingredient comments** No exposure limits known for ingredient(s).

### 8.2. Exposure controls

## Protective equipment







# Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation. Personal, workplace environment or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls as the primary means to minimise worker exposure. Personal protective equipment should only be used if worker exposure cannot be controlled adequately by the engineering control measures. Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained. Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposure.

### Eye/face protection

Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with European Standard EN166. Wear tight-fitting, chemical splash goggles or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

## Hand protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended. Wear protective gauntlets made of the following material: Butyl rubber. Nitrile rubber.

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Other skin and body

protection

Appropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contamination is possible.

Hygiene measures

Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Clean equipment and the work area every day. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Preventive industrial medical examinations should be carried out. Warn cleaning personnel of any hazardous properties of the product.

Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Protection against nuisance dust must be used when the airborne concentration exceeds 10 mg/m3. Wear a suitable dust mask. Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is 'CE'marked. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN14387. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN136. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN140.

**Environmental exposure** controls

Keep container tightly sealed when not in use.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** Crystalline solid.

White. Colour

Odour Odourless.

Hq No information available.

> 500°C Melting point

Initial boiling point and range No information available.

Flash point Not applicable.

**Evaporation rate** No information available. No information available. Flammability (solid, gas) Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

No information available.

66,9 Pa @ 20°C Vapour pressure

Vapour density No information available.

Relative density 2,21 - 2,23 @ 20°C

93,4 g/l water @ 20°C Solubility(ies)

Partition coefficient No information available. **Auto-ignition temperature** No information available.

165°C **Decomposition Temperature** 

No information available. Viscosity

**Explosive properties** No information available. Revision date: 07/03/2018 Revision: 0.1 Supersedes date: 07/03/2018

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Oxidising properties No information available.

9.2. Other information

Other information No information available.

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

**Reactivity**There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the

prescribed storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

No potentially hazardous reactions known.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid There are no known conditions that are likely to result in a hazardous situation.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Strong acids. Strong oxidising agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition

products

Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

## 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD50

mg/kg)

4,000.0

**Species** Rat

Notes (oral LD<sub>50</sub>) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

**ATE oral (mg/kg)** 4,000.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD<sub>50</sub>) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC50) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

**Skin corrosion/irritation** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory sensitisation

**Respiratory sensitisation** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

**Skin sensitisation** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

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Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity -

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

development

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after a single exposure.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

General information No specific health hazards known. Dust may irritate the eyes and the respiratory system. The

severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of

exposure.

Inhalation Dust may irritate the respiratory system.

Ingestion If exposed to large concentrations: May cause stomach pain or vomiting.

Skin contact Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin.

Eye contact Dust may cause slight irritation.

Route of exposure Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact

**Target organs** No specific target organs known.

**SECTION 12: Ecological information** 

**Ecotoxicity** Not regarded as dangerous for the environment. However, large or frequent spills may have

hazardous effects on the environment.

12.1. Toxicity

**Toxicity** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability The degradability of the product is not known.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Partition coefficient No information available.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility No information available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

assessment

### 12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects None known.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle

products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners

may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous.

**Disposal methods**Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal

contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labelled with their contents. Waste packaging should be collected for reuse or recycling. Incineration or landfill should only

be considered when recycling is not feasible.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

General The product is not covered by international regulations on the transport of dangerous goods

(IMDG, IATA, ADR/RID).

## 14.1. UN number

Not applicable.

### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not applicable.

## 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

No transport warning sign required.

## 14.4. Packing group

Not applicable.

### 14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant

No.

## 14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable.

## 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78

and the IBC Code

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## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

## 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 (as amended).

The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment

Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 1348) (as amended) ["CDG 2009"].

EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.

EU legislation Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18

December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of

Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).

Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No information available.

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limits TWA: Time weighted Average

OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

OEL: Occupational Exposure Limit.

EC No: The European Community number

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service. ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate.

LC₅o: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population.

LD<sub>50</sub>: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose).

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance. vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Road.

ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Inland Waterways.

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

ICAO: Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air.

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.

Key literature references and sources for data

Source: European Chemicals Agency, http://echa.europa.eu/

Training advice Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Only trained personnel should use this

material.

**Revision comments** This is the first issue.

Issued by Irmak TUNÇ/ CRAD

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Note to organizer The certificate information is used exclusively for this SDS. No changes can be made to this

SDS without the knowledge and approval of the certificate holder or the certificate information can not be used for another SDS. Otherwise, the certificate will assume no responsibility for

the owner SDS.

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